1. Basis of the product report:
   - 2012 IRC: Sections R502.1.5, R602.1.2, and R802.1.4 Structural glued laminated timber
   - ASTM D3737-12 and D3737-08 recognized by the 2018 and 2015 IBC and IRC, and 2012 IBC and IRC, respectively
   - ANSI 117-2015 recognized in the 2018 IBC and IRC

2. Product description:
   IB MAX-CORE® Glulam Beams and Columns are structural glued laminated timber made of southern pine lumber laminations. IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams are manufactured in Dothan, Alabama in accordance with ANSI A190.1 using 24F-V3, 24F-V4, 24F-V5M1, 28F-E1, 28F-E2, 30F-E1, and 30F-E2 layup combinations recognized in ANSI 117 or the 2018 National Design Specification (NDS) Supplement. IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams are used as beams, headers, rafters, or purlins. IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beam layup combinations 24F-V3, 24F-V4, and 24F-V5M1 are manufactured in nominal widths ranging from 3-1/8 to 10-3/4 inches, depths ranging from 6-7/8 to 48-1/8 inches, and lengths up to 60 feet. The layup combinations 28F-E1 and 28F-E2 are manufactured in nominal width of 7 inches, depths ranging from 5-1/2 to 24-3/4 inches, and lengths up to 60 feet, while layup combinations 30F-E1 and 30F-E2 are manufactured in nominal widths of 3-1/2 to 5-1/2 inches, depths ranging from 5-1/2 to 24-3/4 inches, and lengths up to 60 feet. IB MAX-CORE Glulam Columns are manufactured with Combination #50 layup in accordance with ANSI A190.1. IB MAX-CORE Glulam Columns are manufactured in nominal widths ranging from 3-1/8 inches to 10-3/4 inches, depth ranging from 3-1/2 inches to 24-3/4 inches, and lengths up to 60 feet.

3. Design properties:
   Table 1 lists the allowable design properties for IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams. The allowable spans for IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams shall be in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Glued Laminated Beam Design Tables, Form S475 (www.apawood.org/resource-library), as applicable. Table 2 lists the allowable design properties for IB MAX-CORE Glulam Columns. The allowable loads for IB MAX-CORE Glulam Columns shall be in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Data File: Design of Structural Glued Laminated Timber Columns, Form Y240 (see link above), as applicable.

4. Product installation:
   IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams and Columns shall be installed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Glulam Connection Details, Form T300 (see link above). Permissible field notching and drilling shall be in accordance with the recommendations.
recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Field Notching and Drilling of Glued Laminated Timber Beams, Form S560 (see link above).

5. Fire-rated assemblies:
Fire-rated assemblies shall be constructed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Fire-Rated Systems, Form W305 (see link above). For one- or two-hour rated glulam beams, IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams and Columns shall be constructed in accordance with ANSI A190.1 and designed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer and APA Technical Note: Calculating Fire Resistance of Glulam Beams and Columns, Form Y245 (see link above) or Chapter 16 of the 2018 National Design Specification for Wood Construction (NDS).

6. Limitations:
a) IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams and Columns shall be designed in accordance with the code using the design properties specified in this report.
b) IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams shall have a maximum width of 5-1/2 inches for 30F-E1 and 30F-E2 layup combinations.
c) IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams and Columns are produced at the Dothan, AL facility under a quality assurance program audited by APA.
d) This report is subject to re-examination in one year.

7. Identification:
IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams and Columns described in this report are identified by a label bearing the manufacturer's name (IB X-Lam USA, LLC) and/or trademark, the APA assigned plant number (1124), the product standard (ANSI A190.1), the APA logo, the layup combination symbol, the report number PR-L326, and a means of identifying the date of manufacture.
Table 1. Allowable Design Values for IB MAX-CORE Glulam Beams for Normal Duration of Load (1,2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Bottom of Beam Stressed in Tension (Positive Bending)</th>
<th>Top of Beam Stressed in Tension (Negative Bending)</th>
<th>Compression Perpendicular to Grain</th>
<th>Shear Parallel to Grain (7)</th>
<th>Modulus of Elasticity (7)</th>
<th>Extreme Fiber in Bending (6)</th>
<th>Comp. Perpendicular to Grain</th>
<th>Shear Parallel to Grain (7)</th>
<th>Modulus of Elasticity (7)</th>
<th>Axially Loaded</th>
<th>Fasteners</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ten. Face</td>
<td>Comp. Face</td>
<td>True</td>
<td>Apparent</td>
<td>Beam Stability</td>
<td>True</td>
<td>Apparent</td>
<td>Beam Stability</td>
<td>True</td>
<td>Apparent</td>
<td>Beam Stability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX-CORE® 24F-V3</td>
<td>SP/SP (U)</td>
<td>2.400</td>
<td>2.000</td>
<td>740</td>
<td>740</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>0.95</td>
<td>1,700</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX-CORE® 24F-V4 (3)</td>
<td>SP/SP (U)</td>
<td>2.400</td>
<td>1.650</td>
<td>740</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>0.90</td>
<td>1,350</td>
<td>470</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX-CORE® 24F-VSM1</td>
<td>SP/SP (B)</td>
<td>2.400</td>
<td>2.400</td>
<td>740</td>
<td>740</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>0.95</td>
<td>1,700</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX-CORE® 29F-E1</td>
<td>SP/SP (U)</td>
<td>2.800</td>
<td>2.300</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>2.2 (11)</td>
<td>2.1 (11)</td>
<td>1.11 (11)</td>
<td>1,600</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX-CORE® 29F-E2</td>
<td>SP/SP (B)</td>
<td>2.800</td>
<td>2.800</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>2.2 (11)</td>
<td>2.1 (11)</td>
<td>1.11 (11)</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX-CORE® 30F-E1 (4)</td>
<td>SP/SP (U)</td>
<td>3.000</td>
<td>2.400</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>2.2 (11)</td>
<td>2.1 (11)</td>
<td>1.11 (11)</td>
<td>1,750</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX-CORE® 30F-E2 (4)</td>
<td>SP/SP (B)</td>
<td>3.000</td>
<td>3.000</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>2.2 (11)</td>
<td>2.1 (11)</td>
<td>1.11 (11)</td>
<td>1,750</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wet-use factor</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.53</td>
<td>0.875</td>
<td>0.833</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.53</td>
<td>0.875</td>
<td>0.833</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.73</td>
<td>see NDS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) The combinations in this table are intended primarily for members stressed in bending due to loads applied perpendicular to the wide faces of the laminations. Allowable design values are tabulated, however, for loading both perpendicular and parallel to the wide faces of the laminations.

(2) The tabulated allowable design values are for normal duration of loading. For other durations of loading, see the applicable building code. The tabulated allowable design values are for dry conditions of use. For wet conditions of use, multiply the tabulated values by the wet-use factors shown at the bottom of the table.

(3) SP = Southern pine.

(4) The unbalanced (U) layup is intended primarily for simple-span applications and the balanced (B) layup is intended primarily for continuous or cantilevered applications.

(5) The values of \( F_{\text{w}} \) are based on members 5-1/8 inches in width by 12 inches in depth by 21 feet in length. For members with a larger volume, \( F_{\text{w}} \) shall be multiplied by a volume factor, \( C_v = (5.125b)^{10/2} (12/d)^{10/2} (21/L)^{10/2} \), where \( b \) is the beam width (in.), \( d \) is the beam depth (in.), and \( L \) is the beam length between the points of zero moment (ft).

(6) For non-prismatic members, members subject to impact or cyclic loading, or shear design of bending members at connections (NDS 3.4.3.3), the \( F_{\text{w}} \) and \( F_{\text{w}} \) values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.72. The tabulated \( F_{\text{w}} \) values are for members with laminations made from a single piece of lumber across the width or multiple pieces that have been edge bonded. For timber manufactured from multiple piece laminations (across width) that are not edge bonded, value shall be multiplied by 0.4 for members with 5, 7, or 9 laminations or by 0.5 for all other members.

(7) The tabulated \( E \) values include true \( E \) (also known as "shear-free \( E \)"), apparent \( E \), and \( E \) for beam stability calculation (NDS 3.3.3.8). For calculating beam deflections, the tabulated \( E_{\text{app}} \) values shall be used unless the shear deflection is determined in addition to bending deflection based on the tabulated \( E_{\text{true}} \). The axial modulus of elasticity, \( E_{\text{true}} \) and \( E_{\text{app}} \), shall be equal to the tabulated \( E_{\text{true}} \) and \( E_{\text{app}} \) values.

(8) The values of \( F_{\text{w}} \) are based on members 12 inches in depth. For depths less than 12 inches, \( F_{\text{w}} \) shall be permitted to be increased by multiplying by the flat use factor, \( (12/d)^{10/2} \), where \( d \) is the beam depth in inches. When \( d \) is less than 3 inches, use the size adjustment factor for 3 inches.

(9) This layup combination is limited to nominal 6 inches or less in width.

(10) For members of more than 15 laminations, \( E_{\text{true}} = 2.1 \times 10^6 \) psi, \( E_{\text{app}} = 2.0 \times 10^6 \) psi, and \( E_{\text{true}} = 1.06 \times 10^6 \) psi.

(11) This combination may contain lumber with wane. If lumber with wane is used, the design value for shear parallel to grain, \( F_{\text{w}} \), shall be multiplied by 0.67 if wane is allowed on both sides. If wane is limited to one side, \( F_{\text{w}} \) shall be multiplied by 0.83. This reduction shall be cumulative with the adjustment in footnote (6).
Table 2. Allowable Design Values for IB MAX-CORE Glulam Columns for Normal Duration of Load (1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Combination Symbol</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>All Loading</th>
<th>Axially Loaded</th>
<th>Bending about Y-Y Axis</th>
<th>Bending about X-X Axis</th>
<th>Fasteners</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Modulus of Elasticity(2)</td>
<td>Tension Perpendicular to Grain</td>
<td>Compression Parallel to Grain</td>
<td>Loaded Parallel to Wide Faces of Laminations</td>
<td>Loaded Perpendicular to Wide Faces of Laminations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$E_{mod}$ (10^6 psi)</td>
<td>$0.95 \times E_{mod}$ (10^6 psi)</td>
<td>$E_{mod,min}$ (10^6 psi)</td>
<td>$F_{bl}$ (psi)</td>
<td>$F_{b}$ (psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX-CORE® Combination No. 50</td>
<td>SP</td>
<td>N1D14</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>740</td>
<td>1,550</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wet-use factors</td>
<td>0.833</td>
<td>0.53</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.73</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) The tabulated allowable design values are for normal duration of loading. For other durations of loading, see applicable building code. The tabulated allowable design values are for dry conditions of use. For wet conditions of use, multiply the tabulated values by the factors shown at the bottom of the table.

(2) SP = South pine.

(3) The tabulated E values include axial modulus of elasticity ($E_{mod}$), 0.95 $E_{mod}$, and E for column stability calculation ($E_{mod,min}$, NDS 3.7.1). For calculating column deflections due to lateral loads, the tabulated 0.95 $E_{mod}$ values shall be used unless the shear deflection is determined in addition to bending deflection based on the tabulated $E_{mod}$.

(4) The values of $F_{bl}$ are based on members 12 inches in depth. For depths less than 12 inches, $F_{bl}$ shall be permitted to be increased by multiplying by the size factor, (12/d)0.875, where d is the beam depth in inches. When d is less than 3 inches, use the size adjustment factor for 3 inches.

(5) For prismatic members, notched members, members subject to impact or cyclic loading, or shear design of bending members at connections (NDS 3.4.3.3), the tabulated $F_{w}$ and $F_{w}$ values shall be multiplied by 0.72.

(6) The tabulated $F_{v}$ values are for members of 4 or more lams. The tabulated $F_{v}$ values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.95 for 3 lams and 0.94 for 2 lams. For members with 5, 7, or 9 lams manufactured from multiple-piece lams with unbonded edge joints, the tabulated $F_{v}$ values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.4. For all other members manufactured from multiple-piece lams with unbonded edge joints, the tabulated $F_{v}$ values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.5. This adjustment shall be cumulative with the adjustment specified in Footnote 5.

(7) The values of $F_{w}$ are based on members 5-1/2 inches in width by 12 inches in depth by 21 feet in length. For members with a larger volume, $F_{w}$ shall be multiplied by a volume factor, $C_{v} = (5.125b)^{1/9} (12/d)^{1/9} (21/L)^{1/9}$, where b is the beam width (in.), d is the beam depth (in.), and L is the beam length between the points of zero moment (ft).

(8) The tabulated $F_{w}$ values are for members without special tension lams up to 15 inches in depth. When the member depth is greater than 15 inches, the tabulated $F_{w}$ values shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.88. If special tension lams are used, the tabulated $F_{w}$ values are permitted to be increased by a factor of 1.18, regardless of the member depth, provided that the increased $F_{w}$ values do not exceed 2,400 psi. This factor shall be cumulative with the volume factor, $C_{v}$, specified in Footnote (7).
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