

FRERES SINGLE-PLY Laminated Veneer Lumber Freres Lumber Co. Inc.

PR-L324

Revised February 14, 2025

dba Freres Engineered Wood

Product: Freres LVL

Freres Lumber Co., Inc. dba Freres Engineered Wood, 40519 Cedar Mill Road, Lyons, Oregon 97358

(503) 859-2121

www.frereswood.com

Basis of the product report:

- 2024 International Building Code (IBC): Sections 104.2.3 Alternative materials and 2303.1.10 Structural composite lumber
- 2021, 2018, and 2015 IBC: Sections 104.11 Alternative materials and 2303.1.10 Structural composite lumber
- 2024 International Residential Code (IRC): Sections R104.2.2 Alternative materials, and R502.1.5, R602.1.5, and R802.1.4 Structural composite lumber
- 2021, 2018, and 2015 IRC: Sections R104.11 Alternative materials, and R502.1.5, R602.1.5, and R802.1.4 Structural composite lumber
- ASTM D5456-21e1, ASTM D5456-18, D5456-14b, and D5456-13 recognized in the 2024 IBC and IRC, 2021 IBC and IRC, 2018 IBC and IRC, and 2015 IBC and IRC, respectively
- ASTM D7672-19, ASTM D7672-14e1, ASTM D7672-14, and ASTM D7672-12 recognized in the 2024 IBC and IRC, 2021 IBC and IRC, 2018 IBC and IRC, and 2015 IBC and IRC, respectively
- ANSI/APA PRR 410-2021, ANSI/APA PRR 410-2016, and ANSI/APA PRR 410-2011 recognized in the 2024 IBC and IRC, 2021 IBC and IRC and 2018 IBC and IRC, and 2015 IBC and IRC, respectively
- 2021 and 2015 ANSI/AWC Special Design Provisions for Wind and Seismic (SDPWS) recognized in the 2024 and 2021 IBC, and 2018 and 2015 IBC, respectively
- APA Reports T2018P-14, T2018P-15, T2018P-37, T2018P-38, T2018P-40, T2021P-25, T2023P-15, T2023P-16, T2023P-17, T2023P-18, T2024P-20, and T2024P-38, and other qualification data

2. Product description:

Freres LVL is made with multiple layers of Douglas-fir veneers in accordance with the APA-approved in-plant manufacturing standard. The strength axis of the veneers is arranged primarily in the longitudinal direction of the LVL with some cross-grain veneers. The final length of the LVL is achieved by scarf-jointing. Freres LVL is available in nominal thicknesses (t) of 1 to 1-1/2 inches, nominal widths (w) of 1-1/2 to 24 inches, and lengths up to 60 feet (see Figure 1). Freres LVL Rim Board is made of Freres 1.55E LVL with the exception that the nominal thicknesses (t) are 1, 1-1/8, and 1-1/4 inches.

Design properties:

Table 1 lists the Allowable Stress Design properties for Freres LVL. Table 2 lists the equivalent specific gravities for the fastener design of Freres LVL. The allowable spans for Freres LVL shall be in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer. Table 3 lists the allowable loads for rim boards and Table 4 lists the allowable nail spacing for Freres LVL.

Product installation:

Freres LVL shall be installed in accordance with the recommendations provided by the manufacturer (https://frereswood.com/products-and-services/mass-ply-products/). The

permissible notching and drilling are beyond the scope of this report and shall consult with manufacturer's recommendations.

Fire-rated assemblies:

Design of fire-resistant exposed wood members in accordance with Chapter 16 of the National Design Specification for Wood Construction (NDS), Section 722.1 of the 2024, 2021, 2018, and 2015 IBC shall be applicable to Freres LVL. Fire-rated assemblies shall be constructed in accordance with the recommendations provided by APA Design/Construction Guide: *Fire-Rated Systems*, Form W305 (www.apawood.org/resource-library), and the manufacturer.

Limitations:

- a) Freres LVL shall be designed in accordance with the code using the design properties specified in this report.
- b) Freres LVL is limited to dry service conditions where the average equilibrium moisture content of solid-sawn lumber is less than 16%.
- c) Freres LVL is produced at the Freres facility in Lyons, Oregon under a quality assurance program audited by APA.
- d) Properties shown in this report are limited to 1-inch to 1-1/2-inch thick Freres LVL up to 24 inches in depth, except for Freres 1.55E LVL rim boards, which have thicknesses of 1, 1-1/8, and 1-1/4 inches.
- e) This report is subject to re-examination in one year.

7. Identification:

Freres LVL described in this report is identified by a label bearing the manufacturer's name and/or trademark, the APA assigned plant number (1122), the LVL grade, the APA logo, the report number PR-L324, and a means of identifying the date of manufacture.

Table 1. Allowable Stress Design Properties for Freres LVL^(a,b)

Property		Design Stress (psi)								
		2.1E	1.9E	1.6E	1.55E	Enhanced 1.0E	1.0E			
Ponding (F.)(c)	Joist ^(d)	2,800	2,150	1,900	1,700	1,100	950			
Bending (F _b) ^(c)	Plank	3,100	2,650	2,400	2,200	1,450	1,200			
Modulus of	Joist	2,100,000	1,900,000	1,600,000	1,550,000	1,000,000	900,000			
Elasticity (E) ^(e)	Plank	2,100,000	1,900,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,000,000	950,000			
Horizontal Shear (F _v)	Joist	285	285	285	255	300	300			
	Plank	130	55	90	90	55	40			
Compression	Joist	750	750	750	750	750	750			
Perpendicular to Grain (F _{c⊥})	Plank	750	600	600	600	600	600			
Tension parallel to grain (F _t) ^(f)		1,750	1,550	1,300	950	700	200			
Compression parallel (F _c)		2,900	2,425	2,400	2,100	1,550	1,550			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 6.9 kPa.

⁽d) The tabulated values are based on a reference depth of 12 inches. For other depths, when loaded edgewise, the allowable bending stress (F_b) shall be modified by (12/d)^{1/6} as shown in the following table, where d = member depth in inches. For depths less than 3-1/2 inches, the factor for the 3-1/2-inch depth shall be used.

Depth, d (in.)	3-1/2	5-1/2	7-1/4	9-1/4	9-1/2	11-1/4	11-7/8	14	16	18	24
2.1E, 1.9E, 1.6E, 1.55E, Enhanced 1.0E, and 1.0E	1.23	1.14	1.09	1.04	1.04	1.01	1.00	0.97	0.95	0.93	0.89

⁽e) Apparent modulus of elasticity.

Table 2. Equivalent Specific Gravity for Fastener Design of Freres LVL

·	Equivalent Specific Gravity (ESG)									
Grade		Nails and W	Bolts and Lag Screws							
	Withdrav	wal Load	Latera	l Load	Lateral Load					
	Installed in	Installed in Face	Installed in Edge	Installed in Face	Installed in Face					
	Edge				Parallel to	Perpendicular				
					Grain	to Grain				
2.1E	0.49	0.50	0.49	0.60	0.54	0.59				
1.9E	0.40	0.50	0.49	0.59	0.52	0.63				
1.6E & 1.55E	0.42	0.50	0.41	0.62	0.42	0.63				
Enhanced 1.0E	0.43	0.50	0.41	0.62	0.43	0.63				
1.0E	0.42	0.50	0.34	0.58	0.41	0.63				

⁽a) The tabulated values are design values for 1-inch to -1/2-inch thick LVL under the normal duration of load. All values, except for E and F_{c⊥}, are permitted to be adjusted for other load durations as permitted by the code. The design values are limited to dry-use conditions where the average equilibrium moisture content of solid-sawn lumber is less than 16%.

⁽b) Joist = load parallel to glueline, plank = load perpendicular to glueline (see Figure 1).

⁽c) The tabulated bending stress (F_b) may be increased by 4 percent when the member qualifies as a repetitive member as defined in the NDS.

The tabulated values are based on a reference length of 4 feet. For lengths longer than 4 feet, the allowable tensile stress shall be modified by $(4/L)^{1/7}$, where L = member length in feet. For lengths shorter than 4 feet, use the tabulated value unadjusted.

Table 3. Allowable Design Properties for Freres LVL Rimboard^(a)

	Thickness, t (in.)	Lateral Load ^(b,c,d) (lbf/ft)		Vertical Loa	Lateral Resistance for ½-inch-dia. Lag		
Grade			Uniform (lbf/ft)			Concentrated (lbf)	
			Depth ≤ 16 in.	16 in. < Depth ≤ 24 in.	Depth ≤ 16 in.	16 in. < Depth ≤ 24 in.	Screws ^(e) (lbf)
	t ≥ 1 ¹ / ₄	240	5,400	4,000	3,800	3,800	500
1.55E	$t = 1^{1}/_{8}$	220	4,860	4,000	3,500	3,500	475
	t = 1	190	4,000	2,500	3,500	2,000	450

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 lbf/ft = 14.6 N/m.

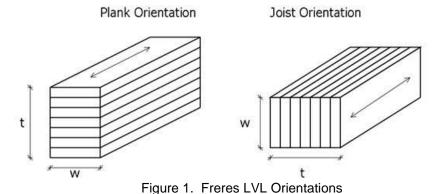
- (a) The tabulated design values are applicable to the normal load duration (10 years) for wood products, except for the lateral load capacity, which is based on the short-term load duration (10 minutes). Design values shall be adjusted for other load durations in accordance with the applicable building code except that the vertical uniform load capacity and vertical concentrated load capacity are not permitted to be increased for any load durations shorter than the normal load duration (10 years).
- (b) The lateral load capacity is for seismic design and is permitted to be multiplied by 1.4 for wind load applications. For shear loads of normal or permanent load duration as defined by the NDS, the values in the table shall be multiplied by 0.63 or 0.56, respectively.
- (c) Toe-nailed connections are not limited by the 150 lbf/ft lateral load capacity noted for Seismic Design Categories D, E, and F in Section 4.1.10 of the 2021 SDPWS and Section 4.1.7 of the 2015 SDPWS.
- (d) The nailing schedule for sheathing-to-rim and rim-to-sill plate (toe-nailed) is based on minimum 8d box nails (0.113 in. x 2-1/2 in.) at 6 inches on center. Commercial framing connectors fastened to the face of the rim board and wall plates may be used to achieve lateral load capacities exceeding values in this table. Calculations must be based on equivalent specific gravity listed in Table 2, and the nail spacing must be at least 6 inches on center.
- (e) The lag screw shall be inserted with a washer in a lead hole in accordance with the NDS by turning with a wrench, not by driving with a hammer.

Table 4. Minimum Allowable Nail Spacings for Freres LVL^(a,b)

Orientation	Common Nail Size ^(c,d)	Minimum End	Minimum Nail Spacing (in.)		
	Common Nan Size	Distance (in.)	Single Row	Multiple Rows	
Edge ^(e)	12d (0.148 in. x 3-1/4 in.) & smaller	1-1/2	3	NR ^(g)	
	16d (0.162 in. x 3-1/2 in.)	NF	((g)	INIX	
Face ^(f)	16d (0.162 in. x 3-1/2 in.) & smaller	1	2	2	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

- (a) Edge distance shall be sufficient to prevent splitting.
- (b) The tabulated values are limited to LVL with a thickness of 1 inch or thicker.
- (c) 16d sinkers (0.148 in. x 3-1/4 in.) may be spaced the same as a 12d common wire nail (0.148 in. x 3-1/4 in.).
- (d) Nails listed are common wire nails. For box nails, the spacing and end distance requirements of the next shorter common nails may be used: e.g., a 16d box (0.135 in. x 3-1/2 in.) nail may be spaced the same as a 12d common (0.148 in. x 3-1/4 in.) nail. Fastener sizes and closest on-center spacing not specifically described above are beyond the scope of this report.
- (e) Nail penetration for edge nailing shall not exceed 2-1/2 inches for 12d common nails (0.148 in. x 3-1/4 in.) and 2-1/4 inches for 8d common nails (0.131 in. x 2-1/2 in.).
- (f) Tabulated closest on-center spacing for face orientation is applicable to nails that are installed in rows parallel to the grain (length) of the LVL. For nails installed in rows perpendicular to the direction of grain (width/depth) of the LVL, the closest on-center spacing for face orientation shall be sufficient to prevent splitting of the LVL.
- (g) Not recommended.



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APA - THE ENGINEERED WOOD ASSOCIATION

HEADQUARTERS

7011 So. 19th St. • Tacoma, Washington 98466 Phone: (253) 565-6600 • Fax: (253) 565-7265 • Internet Address: <u>www.apawood.org</u>

PRODUCT SUPPORT HELP DESK

(253) 620-7400 • E-mail Address: help@apawood.org

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